# Patient ID: 1, Performed Date: 01/3/2015 12:48

## Raw Radiology Report Extracted

Visit Number: e0d6b750b9a1f4872020f74b2a5e1105f190849ce5a31b5fec729e3916c5f998

Masked\_PatientID: 1

Order ID: 4cbf0378f0e167d9a70852c8d63c8e1c8052b58c5f33289970c76e7eeb9c7a7b

Order Name: Chest X-ray, Erect

Result Item Code: CHE-ER

Performed Date Time: 01/3/2015 12:48

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY s/p cope loop removal REPORT CHEST (PA ERECT) TOTAL OF ONE IMAGE The previous chest radiograph of 27 February 2015 was reviewed with the report. When the current chest radiograph is compared to the previous radiograph as referenced above, there is no significant interval change in the appearance of the lungs, save for a focus of plate atelectasis in the right lower zone and the absence of the left lung basal self-retaining drainage catheter. There are still bilateral basal pleural effusions, larger on the left side. However, there is no significant pneumothorax identified, especially on the side. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 9a561d64e6f9ad9ddeef868e9179bfe963dab16ef33861f2969ad53645f50e71

Updated Date Time: 02/3/2015 19:14

## Layman Explanation

This x-ray shows that your lungs look similar to the previous x-ray taken on February 27, 2015. There is a small area in the lower right lung where the air sacs are collapsed. The drainage tube in your left lung has been removed. There is still some fluid around your lungs, more on the left side, but there's no sign of collapsed lung. The doctor may need to take further steps.

## Summary

The text was extracted from a \*\*chest radiograph (PA erect)\*\*.  
  
\*\*1. Diseases:\*\*  
  
\* \*\*Plate atelectasis\*\*: Present in the right lower zone.   
\* \*\*Pleural effusions\*\*: Present bilaterally, larger on the left side.  
  
\*\*2. Organs:\*\*  
  
\* \*\*Lungs\*\*: No significant interval change in appearance, except for the atelectasis and absence of the drainage catheter.   
\* \*\*Left lung\*\*: Contains a basal self-retaining drainage catheter (no longer present).  
\* \*\*Right lung\*\*: Shows a focus of plate atelectasis in the lower zone.  
\* \*\*Pleura\*\*: Bilateral pleural effusions are present, larger on the left.   
  
\*\*3. Symptoms/Phenomena of concern:\*\*  
  
\* \*\*Plate atelectasis\*\*: This refers to a collapsed portion of lung tissue.   
\* \*\*Pleural effusions\*\*: These are collections of fluid in the space between the lung and the chest wall.  
\* \*\*Absence of drainage catheter\*\*: This may indicate that the catheter was removed, or that it has become dislodged.   
\* \*\*"May need further action"\*\*: This suggests that the radiologist believes the findings warrant further investigation or treatment.